Exascale I/O challenges

Storage tiers

- Flash/NVRAM for peak performance (local)
- Disk for capacity (global)
- Fault management
  - Isolation between global/local storage
  - Timely notification / avoidance
  - Data integrity
- Pre-stage / post-drain
  - Scheduler integration
  - What to move and where to put it
- Edge v. ubiquitous storage
  - Post v. pre I/O function shipping
    - Filesystem v. memory extension / application objects
    - Resilience (checkpoint) strategy
  - Application & I/O comms interactions
Exascale I/O challenges

Application data + metadata

- Explosive growth
  - Large, sophisticated models
  - Uncertainty Qualification
  - Billions – trillions of “Leaf” data objects
  - Complex analysis

- Filesystem namespace pollution
  - Keep filesystem namespace for storage management / administration
  - Separate namespace for application data + metadata
    - Distributed Application Object Storage (DAOS) containers

- Preserve model integrity in the face of all possible failures
  - Very large atomic, durable transactions
  - Integrity APIs at all levels of the I/O stack

- Search / query / analysis
  - Non-resident index maintenance & traversal / non-sequential data traversal
  - Move query processing to global storage
    - Same programming model as apps?
Exascale I/O challenges

Integrated computational model

• Multi-disciplinary requirements gathering
  – Application developers
  – High-level I/O library writers
  – Scheduling / workload management experts
  – Storage experts

• Compelling simulation / analysis platform
  – Programming & I/O models + runtime
    • Storage integral to workflow & resilience strategies
  – Fully expressive low-level application storage APIs
    • Full application access to virtualized hardware capabilities
      – Locality / concurrency / integrity
    – Multiple application domain specific I/O models